1. Let \( f(x) = -2x - 2 \). Find
   a. \( f(0) \)
   b. \( f(-3) \)
   c. \( f(2) \)

2. Let \( f(x) = x^2 - 2x \). Find
   a. \( f(3) \)
   b. \( f(0) \)
   c. \( f(-1) \)

3. Consider the linear equation \( 2x - 5y = 10 \).
   a. Find the point \((0, ??)\), where the \(x\)-coordinate is 0, that satisfies this equation.
   b. Find the point \((??, 0)\).
   c. Plot the line.

4. Consider the linear equation \( 3x + 4y = 12 \).
   a. Find the point \((0, ??)\), where the \(x\)-coordinate is 0, that satisfies this equation.
   b. Find the point \((??, 0)\).
   c. Plot the line.

5. Consider the linear equation \( -3x + 3y = 6 \).
   a. Find the point \((0, ??)\), where the \(x\)-coordinate is 0, that satisfies this equation.
   b. Find the point \((??, 0)\).
   c. Plot the line.